





withdrawn at the earnest solicitation of the friends of Gen Harrison, who regarded it as indicative of an inclination to pass over the claims of their favorite, and prefer Mr Adams as a candidate.—Harrisburg, Pa. Reporter.

## BOSTON MORNING POST.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 31, 1837.

The Baltimore Republican, in commenting upon the ten cent treason resolutions, and the remark of the Atlas that the assembled citizens in Faneuil Hall were ready for their immediate adoption, says—

"This is what these pseudo representatives of the glorious 'Tea Boys' would fain palm upon the country, as a spirit worthy of SAMUEL ADAMS and JOHN HANCOCK! The PEOPLE WILL SAIL THE MISERABLE COUNTERFEITS TO THE COUNTER. Our Revolutionary sires resisted the laws of Great Britain because they were allowed no part in framing them. The modern Patriots of Boston resist the laws framed by their own Representatives!"

How gloriously does BALTIMORE contrast with BOSTON at this moment! Here, merchants pay their Bards according to the requisitions of the LAWS, and ALL citizens pay their Post Office dues, in compliance with the enactments of the National Legislature, and there is not a whisper even of "peaceable," "forcible," or any other RESISTANCE OF THE LAWS. "This too—be it remembered!—is a community which stood BY ITS COUNTRY IN THE TIME OF HER UTMOST NEED. BALTIMORE, WHO FOUGHT FOR HER COUNTRY AND ITS LAWS, WHEN A FOREIGN ENEMY INVADED THEM, KNOWS HOW TO SUBMIT TO THEM HERSELF, AND IS READY TO TEACH OTHERS THE SAME DUTY. BOSTON, WHO JOINED THE FOREIGN ENEMY DURING THE LAST WAR, NOW PLOTS TREASON IN TIME OF PEACE!"

"The question at issue."—Under this head the Eastern Argus, a paper which is managed with great ability, decision, and firmness, makes the following pertinent remarks:—

"The great question now at issue between the people and the money power is, substantially, 'Shall the Bank of the United States be re-chartered by Congress?' The events of each succeeding day must serve to confirm every intelligent mind in the opinion that such is the fact, and that to that point all the energies of the federal (the whig, or more properly, the aristocratic) party and press are directed. From one end of the country to the other the cry of the bank press is 'we are in distress—we must have an United States Bank!' And to make this available, every means, which human ingenuity could invent, has been put in requisition to increase, prolong and aggravate the present pressure. The same game was played in 1834, when Mr Biddle, with the aid of his minions both in and out of Congress, undertook to exhort a re-charter from the people, under the screws. The positive failure in which his efforts resulted, and the indignant manner in which the people spurned alike him and his attempts to purchase or drive them into his service, should, it would seem, have prevented them from renewing an attempt so vain from insult to the community. The election of Mr Van Buren to the Presidency, pledged as he was against the bank, was the most pointed condemnation of that institution which the people could express; it was a verdict upon the bank's appeal for a re-charter, from the highest of all tribunals, and of a character so definite that it left nothing to be inferred."

ALL OBSTRUCTIONS TO THE EXECUTION OF THE LAWS, ALL COMBINATIONS AND ASSOCIATIONS, UNDER WHATEVER PLAUSIBLE CHARACTER, WITH THE REAL CHARACTER TO DIRECT, CONTROL, COUNTERACT, OR AWE THE REGULAR DELIBERATION AND ACTION OF CONSTITUTED AUTHORITIES, ARE DESTRUCTIVE OF THESE FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLES, AND OF FATAL TENDENCY.—George Washington.

Imperium in Imperio.—The opposition are quite delighted at the foolish and unlawful proposal of a man named Hale, to establish Post Routes and Post Offices—indeed, some of them think that they had better carry out the organization, and have Custom Houses, Armies, Navies, &c. The ridiculous absurdities into which the ignorance and maliciousness of the whigs drive them are disgraceful to the country.

Miss Cushman, as Lady Macbeth, was received with enthusiasm, last evening, at the Tremont; and she sustained the arduous character with great energy and effect. Besides the physical powers requisite to its delineation, she evidently brought much study to the task. Her performance was warmly applauded throughout; and with similar encouragement, aided by the plastic hand of time, there can be no doubt that her future success will fully realize the high expectations, which her friends have ever indulged in.

To-night, she appears as Portia in the Merchant of Venice, with Mr Eaton, as Shylock, for the benefit of Mrs Muzzey, a lady who has labored with unremitted fidelity, during the past season. A good house may be predicted with certainty.

At the National, Comer takes a benefit, this evening. Singing in abundance, and of good quality, and a favorite dance by the sylph-like Miss Johnson.

Optical Illusions.—Ned, being in a happy state of sublimation, unbidden, made himself one of a party, who called upon M. for jolts. Cigars were then called for, and Ned helped himself also. By this time, he was in a condition, to mistake everything that glistered—not for gold—but for fire, and the gentleman sitting next to him, having a gold-headed cane, Ned brought up the head to his cigar, to obtain a light. After tugging several minutes at the shining ornament, he threw down his cigar in despair, and swore it did not draw worth a —

Suicide.—Joseph Snow, about 24 years of age, shot himself in Dorchester, on Saturday evening. The fatal deed is attributed to a disappointment in love. If so, his rash death proves that the lady who rejected his addresses acted wisely, for a man who could be so silly as to think of killing himself for a woman, in this fertile land, where the article is as plentiful as apple tree blossoms, would make a poor stick of a husband.

Letters from Pennsylvania speak in the most encouraging tones respecting the crops. There is a most luxuriant growth of crops in this part of the country, and a little dry warm weather will secure the farmer an abundant harvest from all the seeds in his ground.

Early rising.—Dean Swift says that "he never knew any man to rise to eminence, who lay in bed of a morning," and Dr Franklin, in his peculiar manner, says that "he who rises late may not all day, but never overtake his business."

We perceive by the New York papers, that our friend Rufus Dawes, Esq. has formed a copartnership with Messrs Barlow & Fowler for the purpose of teaching Phrenology!

The Boston Light Infantry will pursue to-day in honor of their anniversary. Mr Comer has composed a beautiful march for the occasion, which will be performed by the Brigade Band, as the company marches up State street.

### Troublesome Times.

"Those who have cash, have trouble about it; Those who have none, have trouble without it."

Flour in Pittsburg is down to \$4 per barrel, and falling. Wheat 62 cents per bushel.

## BY TUESDAY'S STEAMBOAT MAIL.

But little was done in stocks at New York on Monday. The few sales effected were at a slight advance upon Saturday's prices.

Murder in Brooklyn.—Last night, an Irishman, (whose name we could not learn) about 65 years of age, who keeps a small run shunter at the corner of Atlantic and Smith streets, murdered his wife by stabbing her in several places with a large knife, while under the influence of liquor. He has not yet been arrested.—New York Express.

Fire at Washington.—Extract of a private letter to the editor of the New York Post, dated Saturday:—

"A fire took place this morning at 3 o'clock, in the store of R. C. Washington, & Co., corner of Ninth street, and Louisiana avenue, and consumed it with its contents, said to be worth \$60,000. The upper part of the house, and of the next house, was occupied as a boarding house, by a Mrs Gassaway. Two gentlemen by the name of McCrea, escaped with difficulty—one of them, a clerk in the General Post Office Department, lost his watch and clothes. Mrs Gassaway and daughter were absent in the country. A threat had been made to rob this store, and Mr Washington and one of his clerks slept there. Whether they left a candle burning or not, I have not heard, but as the fire first appeared bursting from the counting-house part, it is supposed such is the fact. In thirty minutes from the commencement of the fire, the West wall fell into Ninth street, and injured a female severely on the opposite side of the street. The fall of the wall reduced the flames, and a hose being introduced into the next house, it was saved, though thoroughly drenched. Mr Washington perhaps saved \$1000 in common goods."

The Globe contains the following particulars:—

"The adjoining building, occupied by Mr Slade as a hardware store, was much injured. The value of Mr Washington's stock of goods was estimated at \$30,000, of which \$20,000 is covered by insurance, and \$3000 on the building. Mr Slade was fully insured."

The Baltimore Sun of Sunday contains the following: we suspect it is "Mung News."

Very Important from Washington.—Letters were received in town to-day, from Washington city, which state that a Cabinet Council was hastily called last evening, in consequence of intelligence having been received at the Department of State, that Mexico had formally declared war against the United States. We know not what to make of the story. The most reasonable conclusion that we can jump at, however, is, that the letters of which we speak are of the "baleful fabric" of most of the misssives which are received from the capital. It is possible that the story is correct; but it appears to us almost incredible, that Mexico should adopt such a step, without first resorting to negotiation. If she has declared war, she certainly must have an ally. A few hours will either prove or disprove the story.

Restoration of Confidence.—We are glad to learn (says the Baltimore Sun) that business men are becoming more reconciled, and restoration of confidence in each other has already commenced in this city. Less embarrassment by overtrading is felt here than in almost any of our sister cities; therefore, relief will be more easily effected. The market during the week closing to-night, (Saturday) has some indications of return to activity.

Foreign wheat is pouring into Baltimore in great abundance. Nearly 22,000 bags of Wheat and Rye arrived one day last week, from Hamburg, Bremen, Rotterdam, and Havre.

William M. Price, Esq. United States District Attorney for New York, is in Washington.

American Citizens declared Pirates.—We learn from a ship from the office of the New Orleans Picayune, dated the 21st inst, that the schr Lady Hope had arrived there from Matamoros with the important intelligence that the crews and passengers of the Julius Caesar and Champion had been tried for piracy, condemned and imprisoned. The Texas schooner Independence had been captured and carried into Vera Cruz. Capt Wheelwright was killed. The U. S. sloop-of-war Boston was off the Brazos on the 14th, and had repeatedly demanded the release of the American vessels Cora, Leonidas, Mechanic, Rob Roy, Porpoise, Champion and Julius Caesar, from the Mexican authorities, captured by their fleet. As her commander was unable to obtain any satisfaction he had sailed for Pensacola.

In addition to the above we learn from the Mobile Commercial Register, that in consequence of the capture of the Gen. Urrea a number of American trading vessels had been captured in the Gulf. The whole of our naval force under Com Dallas was under sailing orders from Pensacola. The Independence was captured after a fight of about four hours. Col. Wharton, the Texan Minister to this country was on board, and is, of course, a prisoner.

The N. Y. Express in a postscript says—

"We learn from Capt Thompson (formerly sailing master of the Texan schooner of war Independence) who came passenger in the Ann Eliza, at this port, from Vera Cruz, that Capt Wheelwright was only slightly wounded by a splinter in the abdomen."

From the New Orleans Commercial Herald, of the 21st, we select the following:—

Our City.—The Union, Commercial and Improvement banks, pay their \$5 and \$10 notes; the Citizens, Consolidated, and Merchants pay their circulation. The paper of non-specific paying banks, though drawing ten per cent. interest from the day of suspension are sold at 20 and 25 per cent discount. Sovereigns are sold at \$6. Eagles \$12. Every kind of produce is rising, owing to the unwillingness of the producers to sell for paper.

The Gas Light Bank of New Orleans, which has heretofore paid specie, has given in and suspended.

Mr. and Mrs. Barnes.—It was rumored, in New Orleans, that this lady and gentleman and their daughter were burned up in the Ben Sherrod. They had taken berths in this boat and sent their baggage on board, but, from some cause, were induced to remove to the steamboat Ambassador, thus verifying the line—

"There is a sweet little cherub that sits up aloft, And keeps watch for the life of old Jack."

Charleston, May 24.—Melancholy loss of Life.—We have to record a most distressing occurrence, involving the loss of four lives, that took place on Sullivan's Island, yesterday afternoon. Mr Horatio Leavitt, his lady, two children, and several relatives, were on the island, when Mr L. and his family left the party, in a gig, to take a ride along the beach. Between 5 and 6 o'clock a person came down to the Point, with the horse and gig, and gave the following statement:—That while fishing, he discovered a horse plunging in the water, his head only visible—rowing up to him, he drew him towards the shore, and found a gig attached, and as it rose from the water, several bodies floated from it. Whether they were all recovered or not, we could not ascertain, but several gentlemen immediately started for the place where the accident occurred, (some distance above the Fort) for the purpose of bringing them down if they could be found. These particulars are all that we have been able to learn; and possibly may not be entirely correct; but believed to be so essentially.

Mr L. was a gentleman of the most unblemished reputation, mild and conciliating in his disposition, and highly respected—his lady, beloved by her relatives and friends—and as a family, none more affectionate and exemplary—none whose loss will be more deeply lamented.—Cour.

The Governor of Pennsylvania has issued his proclamation, offering a reward of one hundred dollars, for the arrest within that State, of the murderers of one Rachael Brownback, of Chester county, on the 17th or 18th of last month, and two hundred dollars will be given if the apprehension is made out of Pennsylvania.

Freshets in Canada.—The Montreal Transcript of the 27th ult. says—

"As might be expected, the unusual quantity of snow which fell during the last winter has raised the water of the St. Lawrence higher than we have ever seen it, at this season. The wharves of our city are submerged to a depth truly inconvenient; the wharf at La Prairie, constructed by the Railroad Company, as also the portion of the road itself immediately communicating with it, is entirely under water, and the regular operation of the Cars, which was to have commenced yesterday, has been unavoidably postponed."

Mr Russell is delighting the Baltimoreans with his vocal powers.

## POLICE COURT.

An entire suit of black, of clerical cut, and a white cravat, gave a preacher-like appearance to Theodore Abbott, who meekly pleaded guilty to the charge of intemperate drinking, but it became necessary to inquire into the extent of his unfortunate defection, and an elderly witness, with flaxen locks unshorn, gave the following account of Abbott's visits to his Rectory, in Water street:—

Witness.—Please your Honor, I keep a small place in Water street, where I sell beer, cider, apples, cakes, pies, and the like of that, and Mr Abbott frequently comes in, and gets his glass of liquor, and then begins to talk loud and make a noise, which would answer for a quiet kind of a place like mine, you know. I would always refuse him liquor, whenever I could twig that he had enough, when he came in; but to-day, in an especial manner he came in, and called for a glass of beer, and I gave it to him. In a few minutes I perceived, that he was going to be out of health, and I put him out. At the time that I saw he was in trouble, he said he had drank a glass of gin before he came in. I asked him if he did not know better to drink beer after gin. He came back again, and called for a tumbler of milk, which I gave to him, thinking it would settle his stomach. He drank about half of it, but his hand trembled so that he dribbled the other half over the floor. By this time I was tired of bothering with him, and told him he must go out, or I would make a complaint against him. My place you must know, is subterraneous—[Snickering from the Reporters' dock—and witness halts, and looks towards them.]

Court.—Proceed, Mr Witness.

Witness.—I was waiting for the gentlemen, who are laughing, to get everything down right.

Court.—Never mind them—go on with your statement.

Witness.—Well, then, my place is subterraneous, and I could not get Abbott up above, and so I had to get Mr Holden. I was very sorry to be obliged to do so, and I said to my neighbor, that I would rather take a cow skinning than make a complaint against him.

Court.—Abbott, you have pleaded guilty, and it only remains for you to say what you think proper respecting the sentence. Abbott.—Thank your Honor, I have no wish to be committed at all, and should be glad to be allowed to go.

Court.—O, that is a very natural wish on your part; but it is hardly possible, as you have already served one term in the House of Correction.

Abbott.—Before sentence is passed, then, I should like to have you send for witnesses to prove my future good conduct, if I am not committed.

Court.—How can they swear, that you will behave well in future—particularly, as it is clear that you have not behaved well in past times.

Abbott.—I should like to have a chance to try the experiment. There is Mr Holden—I think he'll engage for me, that I will behave well, and like a man in good faith. [Holden shakes his head, negatively.]

Court.—I do not think Mr Holden will make any such rash engagement; and the best thing I can do, is to send you back for four months—making a discount of two, because you have kept us so long.

George Belford was too staid to deny that he had assaulted Joseph Cahill, who thus described the breach of the peace:—

Cahill.—On Saturday, I would be implied in carrying a ledgy's baggage to the Halifax pocket, and when I'd be passing into Brad street, this gentleman seized my handcart, and sroked me a number of blows, till I thought he would never take his hands from me; but some right good people took him off me, and put him in his own house. Well, after I had put the baggage on board of the Acadia, I thought it to be my duty as a citizen of these United States of America, to go to Col. Moore, and get a writ for the matter, and I paid the Colonel a dollar, and a quarter for that same.

Court.—When you made your complaint here, you said nothing about the civil suit for damages.

Cahill.—Please your honor, I told the whole matter to Mr Reid, the Constable.

Reid.—O, your honor; I don't think you understand the case entirely. The fact is, the assault he has been telling you about now, isn't the one, that he entered the complaint about. You see, he got Col. Moore to make his writ out for assault and trespass, and I served it on Belford, who was in bed—he got up, dressed himself, and said I must wait a little for bail, and while I was fitting out the bail bond, he went up to Cahill, and commenced beating him again, and that's what he complained about. People tell me that Belford is a clever fellow, and I don't think, he would not have done this thing, if he had not been a little over the bay.

His Honor expressed his acknowledgement to the Veteran, for his straight-forward elucidation of the mighty mystery; and as the complainant did not wish a heavy fine to be imposed, Belford was ordered to pay \$10, and costs.

Funny Friendship.—William Lamlor and John Gidding were discovered, by the Watch, in an argument in Ann street, fighting with might and main. They had entirely stripped each other, in the encounter; and though the persons of each bore bloody marks of the severity of the conflict, yet they both stated yesterday, that they had been a sky-larking, and had only been trying to see which was the better man of the two, and all in good friendship. By way of cementing their friendship, his Honor sentenced them to an equal doom—a fine of \$500, and costs.

A pretty little girl named Octavia Sylvester, for shoplifting in the store of L. Stetson, was committed for want of bonds for her appearance at the Municipal Court.

To the Editor of the Boston Morning Post.

Sir,—Having noticed a communication published in the New York Journal of Commerce of May 25th, purporting to have been written at Pittsfield, Mass., May 20th, containing assertions which have no foundation in truth, I request the privilege, through the medium of your paper, to refute them; and had the author possessed the magnanimity to have published them where the parties were known, refutation would have been unnecessary. In the first place this unknown correspondent writes—"Sometime since, I mentioned to you the vacancy in the Post Office here—the general voice of the people was in favor of Samuel A. Danforth, Esq., the only man who understood the business, and who had served 15 years in the office without any compensation from the Government."

Here are embodied in this short sentence, three palpable falsehoods: first, "the general voice" was principally the high voice, the demagogue's numbering nearly as many, were almost unanimously in favor of the Hon Jona. Allen; secondly, "the only man who understood the business,"—the only man—why there is not a boy in Pittsfield ten years old, but could perform this wonderful business in an hour's schooling; thirdly, "served 15 years without any compensation" [?] How ridiculously absurd that a young gentleman of his talents, the only man in Pittsfield capable of performing the duties of Postmaster, should throw away 15 years of his life from patriotic motives!—how disinterested!! how magnanimous!!! The fact is, he has received a compensation, and has been enabled to purchase a farm from this very compensation—for he had no other resource. Again, Mr Anonymous says, that "Jonathan Allen possesses no qualifications for the office," that "ignorance" has succeeded to skill; and that "gross mistakes are committed;" that "loud complaints are made;" and to close his beautiful production of misrepresentations lies and criminal insincerity, states that Nathan Willis has been the "stereotype candidate for Lieutenant Governor of this state for eleven years;" that he has "sometimes been elected one of the Town Magistrates, but was very officious for Allen, and has been fully dropped."

Is it probable that Mr Allen possesses no qualifications for the discharge of the duties of Postmaster? Is a man who has filled, by the voice of the people of the town of Pittsfield, every office in his gift, who was in the Senate and House of Representatives for ten years—where his course met the approbation of his constituents; and, indeed, in every situation in which he has been placed, he has discharged his duties honorably to himself and satisfactorily to the people.

Since Mr Allen's appointment, on the 1st of April, I have had the pleasure of spending three or four weeks in Pittsfield, and do say without fear of contradiction, that the assertions of the correspondent of the Journal of Commerce, are grossly false—that even Mr Danforth, the only man capable, could not have conducted the office more correctly than its present incumbent. As to Gen. Willis having been the "stereotype candidate" for eleven years, and having been dropped as a Town Magistrate on account of his officiousness for Allen, they are insinuations not possessing a particle of truth and not worth a moment's consideration. In fact there has no election taken place since the appointment, and were the Town disposed to give him any office in its gift, he would not accept it, as he has served them in different capacities for near twenty years, to their full acceptance and approbation.

ONE WHO KNOWS.

Municipal.—At a meeting of the Mayor and Aldermen on Monday afternoon:—

Communication of Dr Smith, stating that three patients were discharged from the Hospital last week, and that one case had proved fatal. The master and three of the crew of the schooner Willow, from Provincetown, have gone into the Hospital with the small pox. A bad case exists at No 12 Carleton street. A sailor was removed to the Hospital on Monday afternoon from the schooner Comet, of Belfast.

Petitions.—Of Charles Ewer for compensation for land taken in 1833, for the construction of a reservoir in Avon place; of Jonas Merriam and others, that the end of Causeway street, at its junction with Leverett street, may be cut off; of John F. Low to have a common sewer laid in Shale street; of Frederic Gould and others for a common sewer in Thaxter street court; of Axa Swallow and others, that the common sewer in Causeway street may be relaid—severally referred.

Ordered, That the common sewers in Brookline street and Spring lane be repaired.

The order affixing the compensation of the inspector of alien passengers, was passed in concurrence.

Ordered, That the person who shall be appointed inspector of alien passengers under the act of the Legislature, shall give bonds, in the sum of \$2000 for the faithful performance of his duties; and that he be required to pay over the monies received by him under said act, to the city treasurer monthly.

The quarterly report of the auditor of accounts was received and sent down. The total amount of money received by him during the quarter is \$3,233 64 cts.

The committee on the petition of the Messrs. Foster, asked to be discharged—accepted.

The city watch was augmented by the addition of twenty-five persons.

The Board non-concurred in the passage of the order from the Council—appointing a committee with instructions to erect an engine house for Engine Co. No. 12.

Ordered in concurrence, That the treasurer be authorized to borrow from time to time, under the direction of the committee on finance, any sum or sums which may be required for the prosecution of the enquiry respecting the introduction of pure water, provided the same shall not exceed the sum of \$10,000.

Fires.—We learn from Briggs' Bulletin, that about 1 o'clock yesterday morning, a fire broke out in a shed in Orange Court, which was destroyed. The shed was situated in the midst of a number of other sheds, two of which it was also attempted to fire, by tearing up the shingles and placing matches and fire beneath them, but without success.

The alarm at about half past 2 o'clock was false.

About four o'clock fire was discovered in the wood house attached to the brick dwelling of Mrs. F. W. Coffield, at the corner of Bowdoin and Cambridge streets, which was soon in flames, but by the untiring zeal and activity of the fire department, it was extinguished with comparatively small loss.

The alarm last evening proceeded from the roof of a house in Cornhill square, taking fire.

## REVIEW OF THE BOSTON MARKET.

FOR THE WEEK ENDING TUESDAY, MAY 30.

ASHES.—The market stands a little firmer for both Pots and Pearls, but there are not many purchasers, and actual sales have been confined to small parcels, taken at prices within our present range.

BEANS.—Fair quality Foreign White have been sold at 1.40 per bush.

CATTLE.—There is but a light stock of any kind on sale, and holders do not yield in prices. The sales have been of no importance.

COAL.—Anthracite is arriving more freely, on the account of regular dealers, but we hear of no cargo sales—the retail price of the best kind is 10.00 per ton. Sales Bridgeport by the small freight at 8.00 a 3.25 cash, and by auction 25 cash. Canal 11.10 a 12.50 per chd.

COCOA.—There is some in market, but we hear of no recent operations.

COFFEE.—There is a little more inquiry for this article, but prices have not at all improved and sales are not extensive.

HAVANA.—There has been more in request than other descriptions and sales are at 9 1/2 cts 6 ms, and 9 1/4 a 9 1/2 cash. St Domingo has sold in a small way at 9 1/2 cash—Brazil 10 cts on credit, and by auction 9.00 per bag. Sales of small lots, and the last sales of a good article were 4.75 4 ms, and it is now held at the same.

COTTON.—There has been a little more inquiry for small lots of good quality, but the sales on the whole are not large and prices can hardly be said to be better. The transactions which have come to our knowledge have been at 10 a 12 cts cash, and 12 a 14 cts on 6 ms credit.

DUCK.—Nothing doing in heavy salt cloth—light Ravens has sold at \$25, and small lots heavy which is scarce at \$5.00 per piece.

DRUGS.—Raffi brimstone is a shade higher, the last sales were at 2 1/2 cts sales Balsam Capivi 4 cts, and Anatto 5 1/2 per lb.

FISH.—There is more inquiry both for dry and pickled fish and we notice sales of Grand Bank Cod at 3.00 a 3.75—Bay 2.50—Shore 3.00 and new Haddock 1.25 a 1.00 per qt, accord. to quality. Mackerel have advanced 30 cts or more, and the sales have been 8.75 a 9.00 for No 1, and 7.50 a 8.00 for No 2—No 3's are not doing any better as arrivals of a new catch are looked for to arrive in one or two weeks.

FLEATHERS.—Very dull of sale and prices poorly sustained. CATTLE.—As the stock of Goodness has been small and prices low, the purchasers have turned their attention more to Southern than for some time past, and the sales show an advance of full 50 cts per barrel. Baltimore has sold according to quality from 8.25 to 9.25—Fredericksburg and Richmond 8.50 cash, and Richmond fine 8.00 a 8.75—Best Howard Street and Georgetown are scarce.

Guinea's has sold as fast as it has arrived 10 to 10.25 cash, and it is now held with firmness at the little higher rates and stock very small for the demand—Ohio begins to come bad, and that which is prime common is 9.75 in lots and touches 10.00 at retail.

Re four it has been sold at 6.00 per bush.

GRAIN.—There is an unusually active demand and although the arrivals last week were heavy it has nearly all been taken by dealers and purchasers from the eastward with but little change from former rates.

Northern round has sold at 1.00, Southern do 1.01 a 1.02, Yellow Flat 98 a 99 and White 94 a 95—some parcels have come from Flat Orleans in bad order and sales made at 80 cts per bush.

Oats are in better demand and prices higher, about 10,000 bushels have been sold at 30 cts for Eastern, 38 for Connecticut, and 40 for Northern River. The last sales for Eastern were by auction 52 a 53 cts, cash.

Foreign Rye comes in from New York and is selling in lots at 1.00 per bu, and Northern sells at 1.08 a 1.10.

Brass has sold as low as 25 cts per double bu, but.

HEMP.—Clean Russia sells in a small way at \$210 per ton.

HIDES.—No sales taking place and prices in a great measure nominal.

HAY.—A prime article of Eastern has sold by the freight at \$16 per ton.

It is kinds dull of sale and prices from hands of importers without material variation.

LEAD.—Prices of Missouri Pig have declined and we alter quotations to conform to late sales.

LIME.—Thomaston has been sold by the cargo at \$1 per cwt.

MEASURES.—Prices are getting down and it is difficult to make sales to much extent.

MAHOGANY.—Sales by auction of 155 logs St Domingo branch and table wood at 11 a 20 cts per foot.

MOLASSES.—The imports have been more than wanted to supply the immediate demand, and prices are going away a shade. Sales of Havana tart to distillers at 25c 6 ms—Havana sweet in lots for retailing at 24 a 25, cash, and 27 c 6 ms, and Surinam at 26, cash, and by auction 112 lbsds Porto Rico at 31 a 32c per bag, 60 days.

NAILS.—Steady sales are made at 6 a 6 1/2 per lb, 6m.

NAYAL STORES.—Tar is getting down and some cash sales have been made below our quotations. Southern Spits its Turpentine 1/2 taken as wanted at 40c 6 ms. Very little doing to Russia a Pitch.

Oil.—No sales of Spanish or Olive that require notice. Crude Whale is held a little higher here than in other markets, and there is nothing doing in it. Last sales of foreign Lard were at about 1.00 but it will not now command that price, and we omit quotations.

PLASTER PARIS.—We reduce quotations to conform to the Cargo sales which have recently been made.

PORK AND LARD.—A large business has been doing in Beef and Pork and the sales of the latter have been mostly for cash. Sales mess Beef at 15.50 and No 1 at 13.00 a 4 ms, Prime at 5.00 cash. Pork has ranged from 19.00 a 21.00, cash, and 20.00 a 24.00, 3 ms for clear, 16.00 a 18.50 cash for mess, and 13.00 a 15.00 for prime. Sales Lard at 12 cts and Hams at 11 a 11 1/2 per lb, cash.

RICE.—Sales for consumption have ranged from 3 1/4 a 4 on credit, according to quality.

SUGAR.—The stock of prime brown bag Sugars is small and prices are fully sustained. Brown Havana and Trinidad has sold at 12 a 14, 4 ms, and ordinary do old crop at 7 1/2 a 7 3/4 cash. A sale of 2000 lbs of molasses for export was made last week and exact terms not known.

SALT.—There is a cargo cargo Liverpool about. Cadiz has sold in lots at 17.50 a 17.75, 100 lbsds American at 3.25 and 200 lbsds fine Liverpool at 1.50.

SALERIES.—Sales by auction of 69 casks at 4 1/4 per lb.

TEA.—There has been more demand the past week, some lots have been taken on speculation and prices have advanced 3 to 5 cts.

TOBACCO.—Sales of Kentucky Leaf for foreign export at 5 1/2 per lb.

TALLOW.—There is but little demand and prices have declined about 2 cents per lb. Venetian an importation from South America.

For Prices Current see Fourth Page.







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**MUSICAL NOTICE.**—The BOSTON BRASS BAND respectfully give notice to their friends and patrons that the new and various instruments of the band members, their new uniform full and complete. A variety of instruments and popular music is now added to their approved selection and will be brought out the earliest opportunity. No person will be spared to render this Association as popular as former seasons, and they respectfully solicit a continuance that public favor which has already been bestowed on the institution. Music furnished at short notice for Military Engine Companies, Water Parties and Balls, by application or by letter to J. C. GREENE, Park Hall, or PERARD, Clerk, No. 29 Warren street east of Tremont row Orders punctually attended to.

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**MUSIC BOXES.** Just received six Superior L. MUSIC BOXES, that play 4, 6 and 8 Tunes. They were particularly selected as the first rate article.

JONES, LOWS & BAIL, 123 Washington st.

may 2 2mo3w

**OUT OF ROSE**—27 Bottles Out of Rose, a pure French Juice, for sale by WILLIAM WARD & Co. corner of Ark and India streets.

**GENTLEMEN'S SILK DRAWERS AND SHIRTS.**—A fresh assortment just received—Ladies' Silk, Cotton and Mering—and for sale at 29 Washington street by DARWIN CHAFFIN.

**GOLD AND SILVER.**—A premium paid for **REIGNS, AMERICAN GOLD** and other Special **JOSEPH W. CLARK**, Exchange Broker, No 6 City State street.

N. B. A complete set of 24 teeth to masticate with for a person that has no teeth, will be ready for inspection one month, and one hundred dollars will be paid on presentation for a better specimen of workmanship.

**SUPERFINE NECK STOCKS.**—J. G. WYMAN has made arrangements with the best Stock Manufacturers in the country to be constantly supplied with a superior article. Gentlemen are informed that they can at all times fit themselves with the best and most fashionable to be found in the city, at 71 Washington street. feb 13

**COCOA WOOD FLUTES.**—An assortment of Flutes, from Mencham's factory, just received by BATES & TOLMAN, 6 Court st. feb 25